LGBTQ Youth: 
LGBTQ Curricular Laws

No updates required since January 3, 2022

**LGBTQ-Inclusive Curricular Standards:** These laws explicitly require the state’s curricular standards to include LGBTQ people and history, such as in subjects like history, civics, or social studies. Often these laws also require inclusive representation of other communities, such as specific communities of color, people with disabilities, or religious minorities. Visit GLSEN to learn more about the importance of inclusive curricular standards, as well as the difference between curricular standards and curriculum.

**Negative Law: Parental Opt-Out of LGBTQ-Inclusive Curricula:** The laws require parents to be notified in advance of any LGBTQ-inclusive curricula and allow parents to opt their children out of these classes. These laws build on existing state laws about parental notification and opt-out for sex education, but the LGBTQ opt-out laws are distinct because they require parental notification and opt-out for any LGBTQ- or sexuality-related content, regardless of whether or not the content is in the context of sex education. For more about sex education policy, including parental notification laws, see SIECUS’s research.

**Negative Law: “Don’t Say Gay” Laws or Regulations:** These policies restrict school teachers and staff from discussing LGBTQ issues and people. These policies are written to bar such discussion within sex education programming, but they are often vaguely written and can be misapplied by schools to limit discussion and inclusion of LGBTQ people and issues in other parts of the curriculum, school events and programs, and even extracurricular activities (e.g., incorrectly interpreted to prohibit Gay-Straight or Gender-Sexuality Alliances (GSAs)). For more information, contact GLSEN.

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**Alabama**
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

**Alaska**
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

**Arizona**
- State law requires parental notification of LGBTQ-inclusive curricula and allows parents to opt children out. See HB 2035 (see Sec 15-102(A)(5)) (July 2021).
  - Bill requires parental opt-in for all sex education classes, and allows for parental opt-out for any instruction “regarding sexuality” outside of sex education classes.
- Formerly had “Don’t Say Gay” regulation (2012), repealed by SB 1346 (2019).
Arkansas
- State law requires parental notification of LGBTQ-inclusive curricula and allows parents to opt children out. See SB 389 / Act 552 (April 2021).

California

Colorado
- State law requires LGBTQ-inclusive curricular standards. See HB1192 (2019).

Connecticut
- State law requires LGBTQ-inclusive curricular standards. See HB6619, included in budget bills SB1202/HB6689 (see Sec 29(b)item 25, p44 of HB6689) (2021).

Delaware
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

District of Columbia
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Florida
- State law requires parental notification of LGBTQ-inclusive curricula and allows parents to opt children out. See HB241 (see Sec 1014.05(d), p8) (June 2021).

Georgia
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Hawai‘i
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Idaho
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Illinois
- State law requires LGBTQ-inclusive curricular standards. See HB246 (2019).

Indiana
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Iowa
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Kansas
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations
Kentucky
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Louisiana

Maine
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Maryland
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Massachusetts
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Michigan
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Minnesota
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Mississippi

Missouri
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Montana
- State law requires parental notification of LGBTQ-inclusive curricula and allows parents to opt children out. See SB99 (April 2021).
  - Law is written as requiring parental notification of sex education, but defines sex education to include any information about sexual orientation or gender identity.

Nebraska
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Nevada

New Hampshire
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

New Jersey
New Mexico
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

New York
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

North Carolina
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations
- Formerly had “Don’t Say Gay” law, repealed in 2006.

North Dakota
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Ohio
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Oklahoma

Oregon

Pennsylvania
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Rhode Island
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

South Carolina
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

South Dakota
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Tennessee
- State law requires parental notification of LGBTQ-inclusive curricula and allows parents to opt children out. See HB529 / SB1229 (May 2021).

Texas
Utah
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Vermont
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Virginia
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Washington
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

West Virginia
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Wisconsin
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Wyoming
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

**U.S. Territories**

American Samoa
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Guam
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Northern Mariana Islands
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

Puerto Rico
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations

U.S. Virgin Islands
- None of these LGBTQ-specific curricular laws or regulations